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PATENT

Atty. Docket No. 30488-1016

Date: October 12, 2000

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Sir:

Transmitted herewith for filing is the patent application of:

Inventor(s): Jeffery D. ARNETT, et al.

For: SHOCK-RESISTANT AND ENVIRONMENTALLY SEALED CONTAINER

Enclosed are:

- ☒ Specification, Claims, and Abstract (21 pages)
☒ Sheet(s) of drawing (☒ formal, ☐ informal)
☒ Form PTO-1595 and an assignment of the invention to: Underwater Kinetics. ☐ Will follow.
☐ A certified copy of _____ from which priority is claimed in the subject case pursuant to Rule 55b and 35 U.S.C. 119. ☐ Will follow.
☐ An associate Power of Attorney. ☐ Will follow.
☐ A verified statement to establish small entity status under 37 CFR 1.9 and 37 CFR 1.27. ☐ Will follow.
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INDEP CLAIMS	6	- 3	= 3	x \$ 40.00	120.00	OR	x\$ 80.00	
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Respectfully submitted,



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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of:) Art Unit: Unknown
Jeffery D. ARNETT, et al.)
Serial No.: TBA) Examiner: Unknown
Filed: October 12, 2000)
For: SHOCK-RESISTANT AND)
ENVIRONMENTALLY SEALED)
CONTAINER)



San Diego, California 92101
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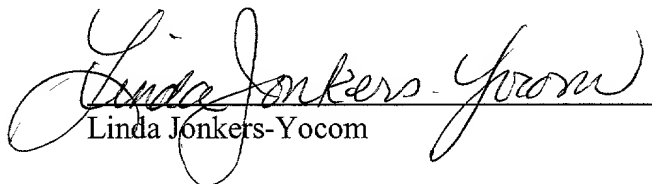
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I hereby certify that a Utility Patent Application Transmittal and Fee Transmittal (in duplicate), checks in the amount of \$547.00 and \$40.00, Combined Declaration for Patent Application and Power of Attorney (2 pages), Statement Claiming Small Entity Status, Patent Application including the Specification, Abstract, and claims (21 pages), Formal Drawings (FIGS. 1-14 on 11 pages), and return postcard are being deposited with the U.S. Postal Service “Express Mail Post Office to the Addressee” service under 37 CFR § 1.10 on the date indicated above and is addressed to Box Patent Application, Commissioner for Patents, Washington, D.C. 20231.


Linda Jonkers-Yocom

**STATEMENT CLAIMING SMALL ENTITY STATUS
(37 CFR 1.9(f) & 1.27(c))--SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN**

Docket Number (Optional)
30488-1016

Applicant, Patentee, or Identifier: JEFFEREY D. ARNETT et al.

Application or Patent No.: _____

Filed or Issued: _____

Title: SHOCK-RESISTANT & ENVIRONMENTALLY SEALED CONTAINER

I hereby state that I am

- ☐ the owner of the small business concern identified below:
☒ an official of the small business concern empowered to act on behalf of the concern identified below:

NAME OF SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN UNDERWATER KINETICS

ADDRESS OF SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN 13400 DANIELSON STREET, POWAY, CALIFORNIA 92064

I hereby state that the above identified small business concern qualifies as a small business concern as defined in 13 CFR Part 121 for purposes of paying reduced fees to the United States Patent and Trademark Office. Questions related to size standards for a small business concern may be directed to: Small Business Administration, Size Standards Staff, 409 Third Street, SW, Washington, DC 20416.

I hereby state that rights under contract or law have been conveyed to and remain with the small business concern identified above with regard to the invention described in:

- ☒ the specification filed herewith with title as listed above.
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If the rights held by the above identified small business concern are not exclusive, each individual, concern, or organization having rights in the invention must file separate statements as to their status as small entities, and no rights to the invention are held by any person, other than the inventor, who would not qualify as an independent inventor under 37 CFR 1.9(c) if that person made the invention, or by any concern which would not qualify as a small business concern under 37 CFR 1.9(d), or a nonprofit organization under 37 CFR 1.9(e).

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Separate statements are required from each named person, concern or organization having rights to the invention stating their status as small entities. (37 CFR 1.27)

I acknowledge the duty to file, in this application or patent, notification of any change in status resulting in loss of entitlement to small entity status prior to paying, or at the time of paying, the earliest of the issue fee or any maintenance fee due after the date on which status as a small entity is no longer appropriate. (37 CFR 1.28(b))

NAME OF PERSON SIGNING _____

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DATE

Atty. Dkt. No. 30488-1016
Express Mail No. EL 684 470 719 US

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

SHOCK-RESISTANT AND ENVIRONMENTALLY SEALED CONTAINER

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SHOCK-RESISTANT AND ENVIRONMENTALLY SEALED CONTAINER

Field Of The Invention

The present invention generally relates to containers. More particularly, the invention concerns containers that are both shock-resistant and environmentally sealed.

Background Of The Invention

A wide variety of containers are used everyday to transport the goods that comprise the modern global economy. An ever-increasing part of the new economy are electronic devices such as digital cameras, personal digital assistants, and other apparatus. However, containers that were previously suitable for transporting mechanical goods are not capable of safely shipping the delicate electronic devices of today. Moreover, the technology employed by the transport industry has not kept pace with the goods it transports. For example, shipping containers continue to be dropped by careless handlers and goods shipped overseas are subjected to a host of adverse environmental conditions.

In response, electronics and other manufacturers are demanding new containers that can survive drop tests and pressure tests, that are aimed at protecting their products from high humidity, moisture and the severe impacts that can occur during shipment.

However, the new containers have several shortcomings. For instance, containers designed to be airtight and waterproof employ a sealing ring to seal the container. When the container is closed, the sealing ring is partially compressed. However, upon impact, the seal compresses completely, which allows the latches to loosen, resulting in a container that opens unexpectedly. In addition, the severe impact tests also destroy container hinges which cause the containers to break apart. Additional problems include

damage to handles, latches and other components located on the exterior of the containers.

Therefore, a need exists for a shock-resistant, environmentally sealed container that can transport delicate goods while enduring rigorous shipping conditions.

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Summary Of The Invention

In order to overcome the deficiencies with known, conventional containers, a shock-resistant and environmentally sealed container is provided. Briefly, the container provides a number of latching systems that keep the container closed even after severe impacts.

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More specifically, one embodiment of the present invention container employs a deflectable pin coupled to one section of the container and a latch coupled to a second section of the container. The latch includes a deflectable pin engaging member and when the deflectable pin engaging member is engaged with the deflectable pin, the latch system absorbs relative movement between the first section and the second section of the container. Another embodiment of the present invention employs a latch pin mounted on a first container section and a latch containing a deflectable member mounted in the latch with the latch pivotally coupled to the latch pin so that the deflectable member is positioned between the latch pin and the latch. The latch is structured to removably engage a second container section and the deflectable member is configured to absorb relative movement between the first section and the second section of the container.

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The shock-resistant and environmentally sealed container of the present invention affords its users with a number of distinct advantages. First, unlike prior containers, the latches remain secured even after severe impacts. In addition, a plurality of ribs

extending around the container protect the handles, latches and the top and bottom sections of the container from severe impact. In addition, a removable hinge pin is included which permits the two sections comprising the container to be completely separated from each other. This modification can be accomplished by hand, without the
5 use of any tools.

Brief Description Of The Drawings

The nature, goals, and advantages of the invention will become more apparent to those skilled in the art after considering the following detailed description when read in
10 connection with the accompanying drawing in which like reference numerals identify like elements throughout wherein:

FIG. 1 is a perspective view of one embodiment of the shock-resistant and environmentally sealed container;

FIG. 2 is a perspective view of the embodiment of FIG. 1 showing the bottom of
15 the container;

FIG. 3 is an elevation view of a front side of the container illustrated in FIG. 1;

FIG. 4 is an elevation view of the hinge side of the container illustrated in FIG. 1;

FIG. 5 is a sectional view taken along cutting plane 5--5 of FIG. 3;

FIG. 6 is a perspective view of one embodiment of a latch used to secure the
20 container illustrated in FIG. 1;

FIG. 7 is an elevation view of the latch illustrated in FIG. 6;

FIG. 8 is a side elevation sectional view of the latch illustrated in FIG. 6 attached to the container illustrated in FIG. 1;

FIG. 9 is an elevation view of the latch and surrounding area illustrated in FIG. 8;

FIG. 10 is a side elevation sectional view of an alternative embodiment latch that secures the container illustrated in FIG. 1;

FIG. 11 is an elevation view of the latch illustrated in FIG. 10;

FIG. 12 is a sectional view taken along cutting plane 12--12 of FIG. 4;

FIG. 13 is a perspective view of the container illustrated in FIG. 1 showing the extendable handle; and

FIG. 14 is a perspective view of the extendable handle illustrated in FIG. 13.

It will be recognized that some or all of the Figures are schematic representations for purposes of illustration and do not necessarily depict the actual relative sizes or locations of the elements shown.

Detailed Description Of The Invention

In the following paragraphs, the present invention will be described in detail by way of example with reference to the attached drawings. Throughout this description, the preferred embodiment and examples shown should be considered as exemplars, rather than as limitations on the present invention.

Referring to FIGS. 1 and 2, a shock-resistant and environmentally sealed container 20 in accordance with the present invention is illustrated. The container 20 generally comprises a substantially rectangular receptacle for holding delicate or fragile objects. The container 20 is shock-resistant and is configured to absorb substantial impacts. The container 20 is also environmentally sealed and therefore is waterproof and airtight. As used herein, waterproof means the container 20 is impervious to water and therefore does not permit entry of water into the container 20. In addition, as used herein airtight means the container is impermeable by air, therefore air cannot enter the

container 20 when it is closed. The container 20 incorporates several unique features that permit it to securely transport delicate and fragile object without the risk of opening as result of mishandling or inadvertent accidents.

FIGS. 1-4 illustrate a container 20 having a top or first section 25 and a bottom or second section 30. The container 20 is substantially rectangular, but it will be appreciated that other container shapes, such as squares or more elongated rectangles, may also be constructed using principles according to the present invention. In the illustrated embodiment, eight ribs 45 extend around the outer surface of the container 20. Additional rib portions 45 also extend along the sides of the container 45. For example, illustrated in FIG. 3 the front side 35 has six rib portions 45. Shown in FIG. 4, the hinge side 40 of the container 20 has four rib portions 45. It will be appreciated that the number of ribs 45 can vary depending upon the strength requirements and aesthetic requirement of the container 20. In a preferred embodiment, the ribs are molded integrally into the first and second sections 25 and 30, respectively. The container 20, including ribs 45, is injection-molded using acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene (ABS). It will be appreciated that other types of plastics or other composite materials can be used to manufacture the container 20. Ribs 45 add structural strength to the container by increasing the bending and torsional stiffness of the container 20. In addition, as illustrated in FIGS. 1 and 2, the ribs extend past the latches 85, handles 55 and other objects positioned on the outside of the container 20, thereby protecting the objects from damage.

Referring now to FIGS. 3 and 5, the ribs 45 in conjunction with overlapping tabs 27 keep the first section 25 from being torn-off or otherwise removed from the second

section 30 during impacts. Overlapping tabs 27 are connected to the first section 25 and overlap over the second section 30. Shown in FIG. 5, parting line 32 defines the meeting point of first section 25 and second section 30. Overlapping tab 27 extends over the parting line 32 from the first section 25 over the second section 30. Referring now to FIG. 3, the overlapping tabs 27 closely abut the rib sides 47. The distance between the rib sides 47 and the overlapping tabs 27 can range from about 0.01 inches to about 0.1 inches. When the container 20 is dropped or otherwise mishandled and encounters a force or load on the first section 25, that load is transferred to the second section 30 through the overlapping tabs and into the ribs sides 47. In this manner, the rib sides 47 support the first section 25 and keep the first section 25 from deflecting relative to the second section 30. This ensures that the first section 25 remains securely attached to the second section 30 thereby keeping the container 20 environmentally sealed even under severe impact loads.

Referring now to FIGS. 6-9, a latch 85 constructed in accordance with the present invention is illustrated. Latch 85 includes a bushing 95 located in a cylindrical cavity 87 of latch 85. One embodiment of the bushing 95 comprises a cylindrically-shaped bushing having an outer surface comprised of a series of projections running along the longitudinal-axis of the bushing 95. It will be appreciated that other versions of the bushing 95 could be employed such as one or more bushings positioned within the cylindrical cavity 87 of the latch 85. Bushing 95 has a central aperture extending along its longitudinal axis which is sized to receive a latch pin 100, shown in FIGS. 8 and 9. In one embodiment, latch pin 100 is mounted in first section 25, but it will be appreciated that the latch pin 100 could be mounted in the bottom section 30. Latch 85 is pivotally

coupled to the first section 25 by the latch pin 100 which is inserted through the bushing 95. When the container 20 is closed, latch 85 can be rotated about the latch pin 100 so that latch locking ridge 110 frictionally engages the container locking ridge 115, shown in FIG. 8. In this manner, the two container sections 25 and 30 are securely held together. When desired, the container 20 can be opened by pulling on the finger grip 105 and releasing the latch 85 from the container locking ridge 115 and pivoting the latch 85 about the latch pin 100. Advantageously, latch pin 100 is mounted in a double-shear arrangement in ribs 45, resulting in an extremely strong and durable latch 85 mount.

Referring now to FIG. 8, gasket 120 is positioned between the first section 25 and the second section 30 of the container 20. In one embodiment the gasket 120 resides in a recessed channel in the first section 25, but it will be appreciated that the gasket 120 can also be located in the second section 30. Gasket 120 creates an airtight and waterproof seal by sealing the first section 25 to the second section 30. In a preferred embodiment gasket 120 is made of a soft rubber or plastic material and has a substantially D-shape with a hollow center section. However, it will be appreciated that solid gasket or gaskets of other configurations such as O-rings can be employed.

Referring now to FIG. 8, one advantage of the present invention is illustrated. When a force or load is exerted against the top section 25 of the container 20, such as when the container 20 is dropped, the top section 25 presses against the bottom section 30, compressing gasket 120. Latch pin 100, which is also connected to first section 25 compresses bushing 95 as the top section 25 is forced against the bottom section 30. In contrast to conventional latch systems that are rigidly mounted, and that would release and allow the container 20 to open, the latch system of the present invention can absorb

the load and keep the latch 85 securely engaged. This is because bushing 95 deflects, as shown in FIG. 8, allowing the latch pin 100 to shift in the cylindrical aperture 87 of the latch 85. Because the bushing 95 deflects, the latch 85 does not move keeping the latch 85 securely engaged with the second section 30 of the container 20. Another advantage
5 of the present invention is that the bushing 95 frictionally engages the latch pin 100, creating a rotational resistance in latch 85. Because latch 85 does not freely rotate about latch pin 100, when the latch 85 is released and the container 20 is opened the latch 85 remains in an open position keeping the finger grip 105 from contacting the parting line 32 when the container 20 is closed.

10 Referring now to FIGS. 10-11, an alternative embodiment latching system in accordance with the present invention is illustrated. In this embodiment, military latch 90 is employed to secure the first section 25 of the container 20 to the second section 30. The military latch 90 is a conventional latch used for military applications and meets military specifications. The military latch 90 employs a twist tab 92 that pulls pin
15 engaging member 97 downward into the latch 90 when the twist tab 92 is twisted by an operator. In this manner the first section 25 is firmly held against the second section 30, tightly sealing the container 20. However, the military latch 90 is comprised of several individual elements and each element has its own manufacturing tolerance. During assembly these elements having different tolerances, or dimensions are combined
20 creating military latches 90 having different sizes. For example, the pin engaging member 97 may be slightly longer than another pin engaging member 97 and twist tab 92 may not pull in the engaging member 97 as far as military latch 90 as another military latch 90, hereby creating a clamping difference between military latches 90. One

advantage of the present invention is the use of a latch pin 100 that deflects, thereby
 absorbing the manufacturing tolerances of the military latch 90. Illustrated in FIG. 11,
 latch pin 100 is engaged by the pin engaging member 97 and when twist tab 92 is rotated
 by an operator the latch pin 100 deflects, closing the container 20. The deflection of the
 5 latch pin 100 absorbs the manufacturing tolerances in contrast to prior latching systems
 that permitted the military latch 90 to release inadvertently during shipment. In addition,
 the latch pin 100 absorbs the compression of the gasket 120 when the container 20
 encounters impacts or loads. As discussed above, the gasket 120 can compress during
 severe impacts causing the first section 25 and second sections 30 to compress together
 10 creating slack in the military latches 90. The deflectable latch pin 100 absorbs this slack
 keeping the military latch 90 secured about the latch pin 100 and keeping the container
 20 closed. Also shown in FIGS. 10-11 is deflectable pin stop 94. The deflectable pin
 stop 94 acts as a support or deflection limiting member to the deflectable latch pin 100.
 When severe impacts are encountered by the container 20, the first section 25 and the
 15 second section 30 can move relative to each other causing the latch pin 100 to deflect.
 Under extreme impacts, the deflectable latch pin 100 may deflect to the point where pin
 engaging member 97 disengages from the deflectable latch pin 100, allowing the
 container 20 to open. With the deflectable pin stop 94 positioned adjacent to the
 deflectable latch pin 100, the total amount of deflection of the latch pin 100 is limited.
 20 Limiting the deflection of the latch pin 100 keeps the pin engaging member 97 of the
 military latch 90 firmly engaged with the latch pin 100 even under extreme impacts. As
 shown in FIG. 11, when a load is encountered, the latch pin 100 deflects contacting
 deflectable pin stop 94, thereby limiting the deflection of the latch pin 100 and ensuring

that the pin engaging member 97 remains attached to the deflectable latch pin 100. Preferably, latch pin 100 is made of tempered spring-steel. It will be appreciated that other types of materials can be used to make latch pin 100 so that it can deflect and spring back into position. In one embodiment latch pin 100 is about 0.175 inches in diameter, and can be easily replaced by pushing the latch pin 100 through ribs 45.

Advantageously, container 20, constructed according to the present invention, can accept either the military latch 90 or the latch 85, without change to the structure of the container 20.

Referring now to FIGS. 2 and 4, a hinge 50 constructed in accordance with the present invention is illustrated. The hinge comprises an elongated rod 52 that is positioned in a plurality of rod receivers 54. The rod receivers 54 are alternatively mounted on the first section 25 and on the second section 30 and are sized to slideably receive the elongated rod 52. One advantage of the present invention is that elongated rod 52 can be easily removed from the rod receivers 54 thereby allowing the first section 25 to be completely separated from second section 30. In this manner, the individual sections can be used to carry the contents of the container 20 or the separate sections can be separated for efficient storage.

Referring now to FIG. 12, locking means for securing the elongated rod 52 to the second section 30 are illustrated. A rod detent 56 is located on the second section 30 of the container 20 and when the elongated rod 52 is inserted into all of the rod receivers 54 the elongated rod end is pivoted so that it engages the rod detent 56 securely. Advantageously, inserting the elongated rod 52 into the rod detent 56 can be performed by hand, yet the arrangement permits the elongated rod 52 to remain secure even under

the most severe shipping impacts. In this manner, the container 20 remains intact under strenuous conditions, yet can be easily separated into first 25 and second 30 sections for use by the operator. It will be appreciated that the rod detent 56 can also be located in the first section 25. In a preferred embodiment the elongated rod 52 is metal, but it will be appreciated that other materials can be employed.

Referring now to FIGS. 3 and 13, a vent 60 is illustrated. Because the container 20 is airtight, conditions may arise where the pressure inside the container is less than the pressure outside the container and an operator will not be able to open the container 20 because of the pressure differential. For example, if the container 20 is filled with goods at a manufacturing facility located at 5,000 above sea level, then shipped to a receiving facility at sea level, a significant pressure differential will exist between the interior of the container 20 and the exterior of the container 20. In this situation it will be extremely difficult, if not impossible, to open the container 20 as a result of the higher pressure outside the container 20 relative to the lower pressure inside the container 20. One advantage of the present invention is that it contains a vent screw 60 that threads into a vent hole 65. When a pressure difference exists, the vent screw 60 is threaded out of the vent hole 65 and air is permitted to enter the interior of the container 20 thereby equalizing air pressure between the inside of the container 20 and the outside of the container 20. It will be appreciated that the vent screw 60 can also be a non-threaded device that permits the equalization of pressures between the inside and outside of the container 20.

Another advantage of the present invention embodied in container 20 are the devices that permit easy transportation of the container 20. For example, handles 55,

Referring now to FIGS. 2, 13 and 14, an extendable handle 70 constructed in accordance with the present invention is illustrated. Extendable handle 70 is located in the second section 30 of the container, and includes handle legs 75 that are positioned in exterior channels 77. In this manner, the container 20 remains environmentally sealed because the handle 70 does not enter the interior of the container 20. Handle covers 79 fasten to the second section 30 and locate the extendable handle 70 in the exterior channels 77. When desired, extendable handle 70 is deployed by an operator by pulling on the extendable handle 70 and releasing sliding lock 72. Shown in FIG. 13, sliding lock 72 includes a projection 84 that can be positioned by the sliding lock 72 to either align with slot guides 82 or be positioned between slot guides 82. Slot guides 82 fit into slots 80 in extendable handle legs 75. As the legs 75 slide in the slot guides 82, the projection 84 can be positioned between slot guides 82 so that the legs are fixed in a retracted position maintaining the handle 70 in this desired position. In a preferred

embodiment, the handle 70 can be fixed in an extended position by engaging the projection 84 into a projection receiver 86. However, it will be appreciated that the number of projection receivers 86 can be varied to adjust the extendable height of the handle 70.

5 Also shown in FIGS. 13-14 a spring-mounted sphere 130 is positioned near a bottom section of the handle legs 75. In one embodiment, the sphere is a metal ball, but it will be appreciated that a pin or other deflectable member could be positioned in the bottom area of the handle leg 75. The spring-mounted sphere 130 is sized to be received into the sphere receivers 135 located in handle covers 79. The spring-mounted sphere
10 extends into the sphere receivers 135 locking the leg 75 in either a stored position or in an extended position.

One skilled in the art will appreciate that the present invention can be practiced by other than the preferred embodiments which are presented in this description for purposes of illustration and not of limitation, and the present invention is limited only by the
15 claims that follow. It is noted that equivalents for the particular embodiments discussed in this description may practice the invention as well.

CLAIMS

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A latch system for a container, the container including a first section and a second
5 section, the latch system comprising:
a deflectable pin coupled to the first section; and
a latch coupled to the second section, the latch including a deflectable pin
engaging member;
wherein the deflectable pin is configured to absorb relative movement between
10 the first section and the second section.
2. The container latch system of claim 1, wherein the deflectable pin is mounted to
the bottom section and the latch is coupled the top section.
- 15 3. The container latch system of claim 1, further including:
a deflectable pin stop positioned adjacent to the deflectable pin;
wherein the deflectable pin stop is arranged to stop the deflection of the
deflectable pin.
- 20 4. The container latch system of claim 1, wherein the deflectable pin is mounted to
the top section and the latch is coupled the bottom section.
5. The container latch system of claim 1, wherein the container is substantially
waterproof and substantially airtight.

6. A latch system for a container, the container including a first section and a second section, the latch system comprising:

a latch pin mounted in the first section; and

5 a deflectable member mounted in a latch, with the latch pivotally coupled to the latch pin so that the deflectable member is positioned between the latch pin and the latch;

wherein the latch is structured to removably engage the second section, and the deflectable member is configured to absorb relative movement between the first section and the second section.

10 7. The latch system of claim 6, wherein the deflectable member is structured to resist relative movement between the latch and the latch pin.

8. The latch system of claim 6, wherein the deflectable member is structured to
15 provide a means for adjusting the force required to pivot the latch about the latch pin.

9. The latch system of claim 6, wherein the deflectable member is a bushing.

10. The latch system of claim 6, wherein the deflectable member is a cylindrical
20 bushing that includes a plurality of deflectable ribs positioned substantially parallel to a longitudinal axis of the cylindrical bushing.

11. The latch system of claim 6, wherein the deflectable member is a bushing comprised of a material selected from the group consisting of plastics, rubbers, metal alloys, aluminum alloys, and other metals.

5 12. The latch system of claim 6, wherein the latch system secures the first section against the second section so that the container is substantially waterproof and substantially airtight.

13. A container comprising:

10 a first section and a second section, the first section including a plurality of support members arranged to extend over the second section; and

a plurality of ribs located on an exterior surface of both the first and second sections;

15 wherein the plurality of support members are positioned between the plurality of ribs, and the support members are structured to limit relative movement between the first section and the second section.

14. The container of claim 13, wherein each rib has a side wall, and each support member is positioned between the side walls of two adjacent ribs.

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15. The container of claim 14, wherein the plurality of support members contact the side walls of the plurality of ribs when a force is exerted upon at least one of the first

section and the second section, thereby limiting relative movement between the first section and the second section.

16. A container comprising:

a first section and a second section;

a removable hinge pin;

a plurality of hinge pin receivers positioned on both the first section and the second section, the hinge pin receivers configured to slideably receive the hinge pin; and

a hinge pin locking member located on at least one of the first section and the second section, the hinge pin locking member structured to keep the removable hinge pin engaged with the hinge pin receivers.

17. The container of claim 16, wherein the hinge pin locking member comprises a locking tab that is structured to frictionally engage a section of the hinge pin, so that the hinge pin can be unlocked and removed from the hinge pin receivers by hand.

18. An container of claim 16, further comprising:

a sealing element positioned between the first section and the second section, the sealing element structured to create an airtight seal between the first section and the

second section; and

a vent located in the airtight container, the vent structured to be selectively opened and closed.

24. A container including a first section and a second section, the container comprising:

deflectable latch means for releaseably coupling the first section to the second section and for absorbing relative movement between the first and second sections when the first and second sections are coupled together.

25. The container of claim 24, wherein the deflectable latch means comprises:

a deflectable pin coupled to the container; and

a latch coupled to the container, the latch including a deflectable pin engaging member;

wherein the deflectable pin is configured to absorb relative movement between the deflectable pin and the deflectable pin engaging member.

26. The container of claim 24, wherein the deflectable latch means comprises:

a latch pin mounted in the first section; and

a deflectable member mounted in a latch, with the latch pivotally coupled to the latch pin so that the deflectable member is positioned between the latch pin and the latch;

wherein the latch is structured to removably engage the second section, and the deflectable member is configured to absorb relative movement between the first section and the second section.

27. A container including a first section and a second section, the container comprising:

deflectable latch means for releaseably coupling the first section to the second section and for absorbing relative movement between the first and second sections when the first and second sections are coupled together;

5 a plurality of ribs extending around an exterior surface of both the first and second sections;

a plurality of support members arranged to extend over the second section, the plurality of support members positioned between the plurality of ribs, the support members structured to limit relative movement between the first section and the second section;

10 a removable hinge pin;

a plurality of hinge pin receivers positioned on both the first section and the second section, the hinge pin receivers configured to slideably receive the hinge pin; and

15 a hinge pin locking member located on at least one of the first section and the second section, the hinge pin locking member structured to keep the removable hinge pin engaged with the hinge pin receivers.

28. The container of claim 27, wherein the container is substantially waterproof and substantially airtight.

ABSTRACT

5 A shock-resistant and environmentally sealed container comprising a first section
and a second section. A latching system for the container comprises a deflectable pin
coupled to the first section of the container with a latch coupled to the second section.
The latch includes a deflectable pin engaging member. When the deflectable pin
engaging member is engaged with the deflectable pin, the deflectable pin absorbs relative
10 movement between the first section and the second section of the container. Another
embodiment of the container employs a latch containing a deflectable member. The latch
is pivotally coupled to a latch pin that is mounted to either the first section or the second
section of the container. The deflectable member is positioned between the latch pin and
the latch, and the deflectable member is configured to absorb relative movement between
15 the first section and the second section.

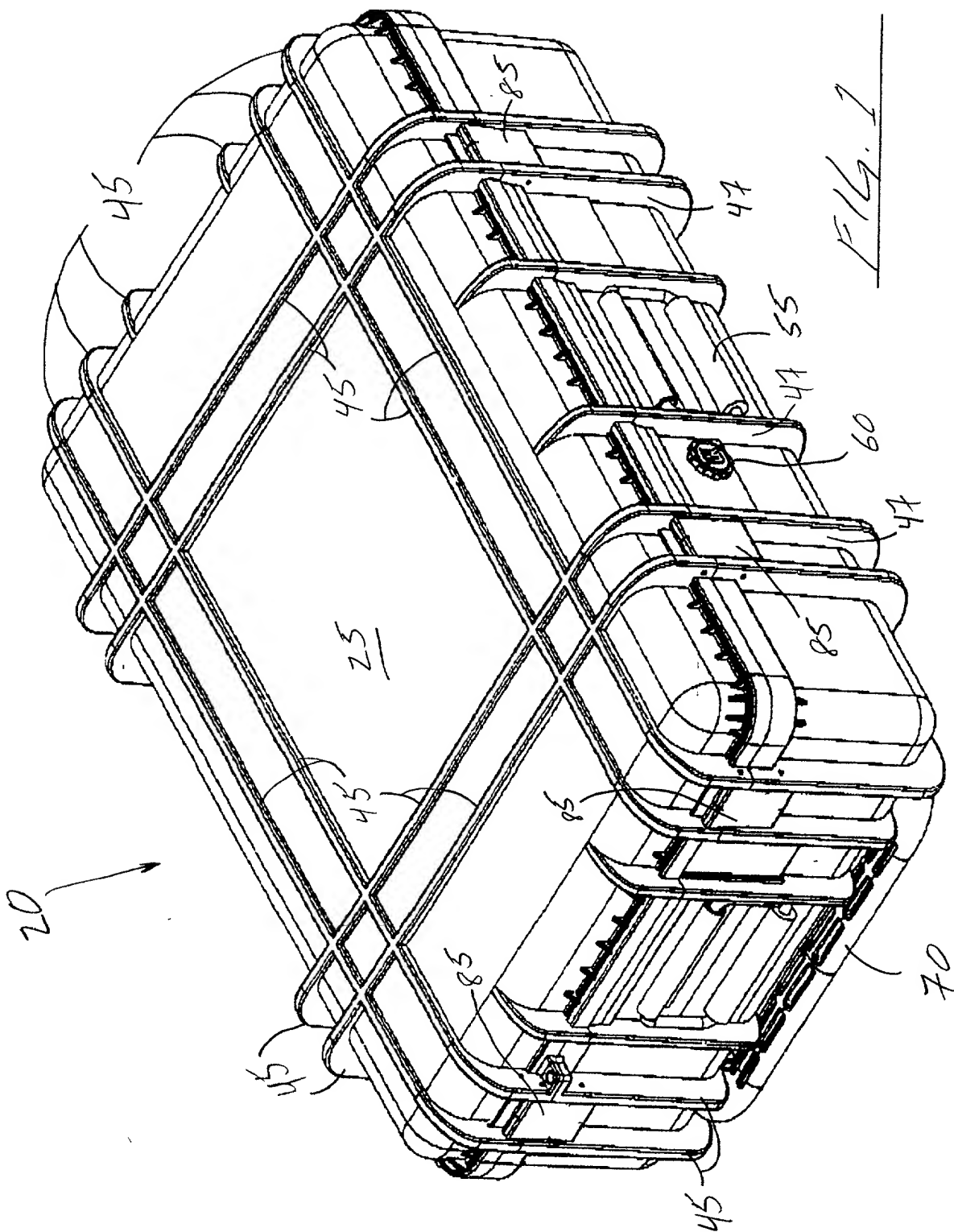


Fig. 1

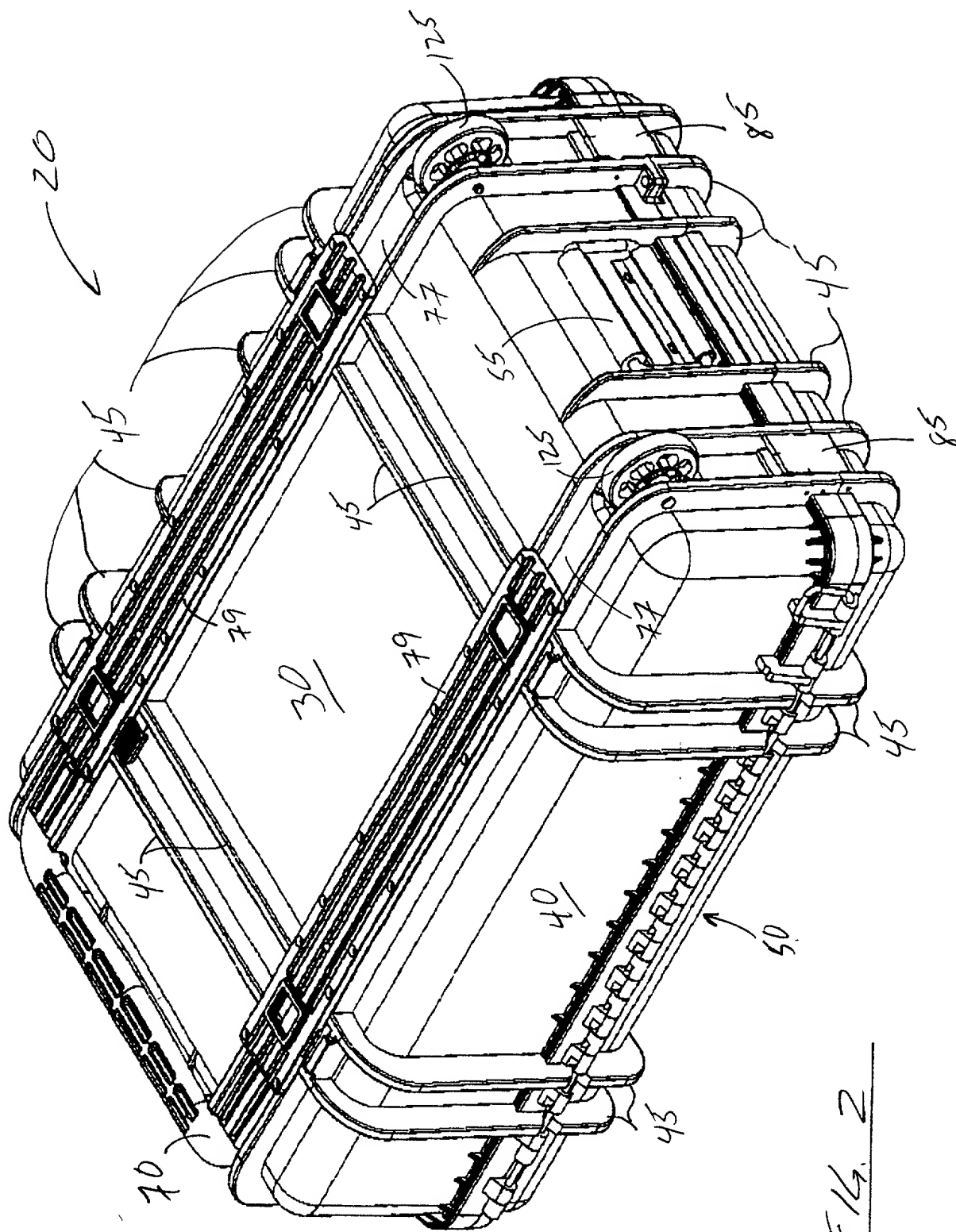


FIG. 2

20

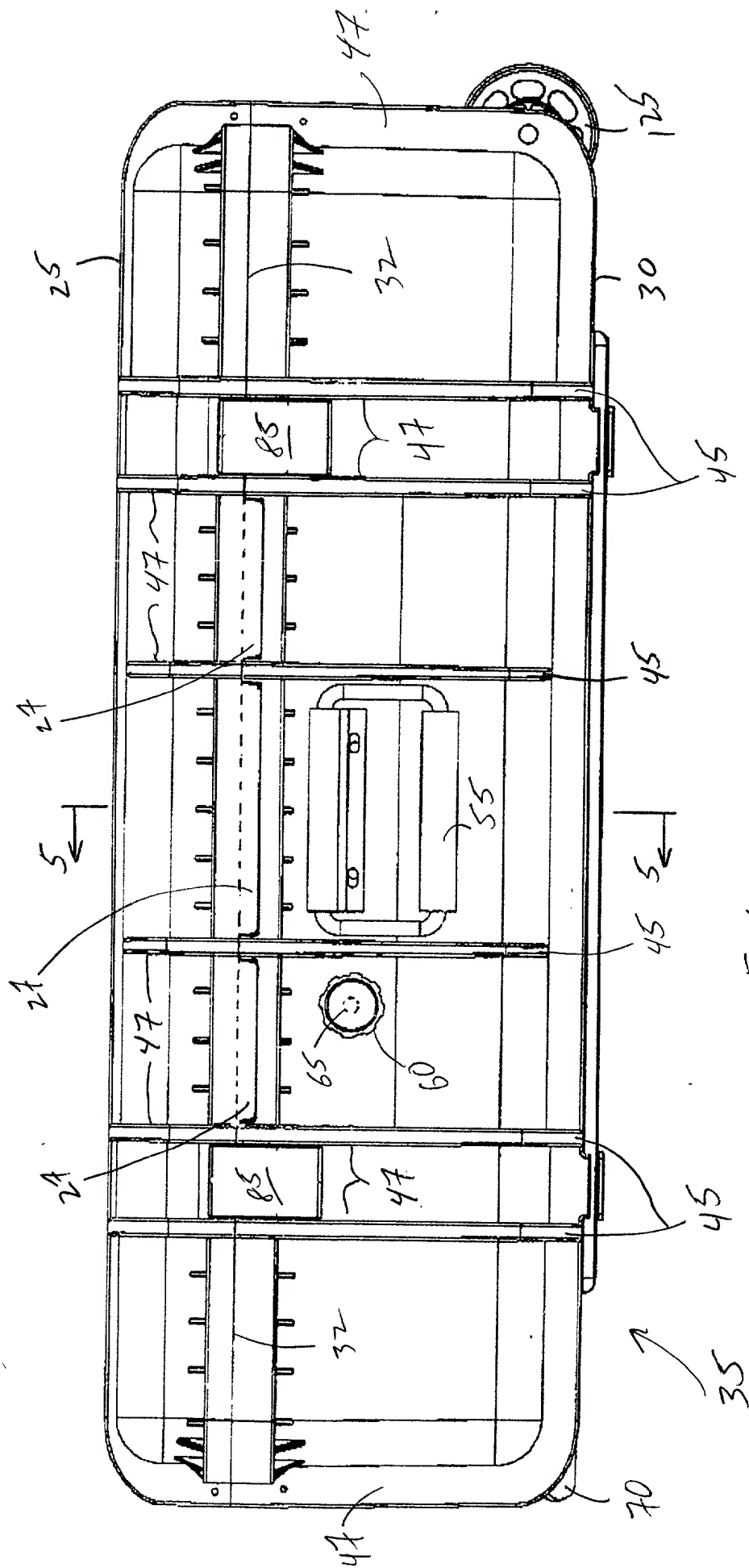
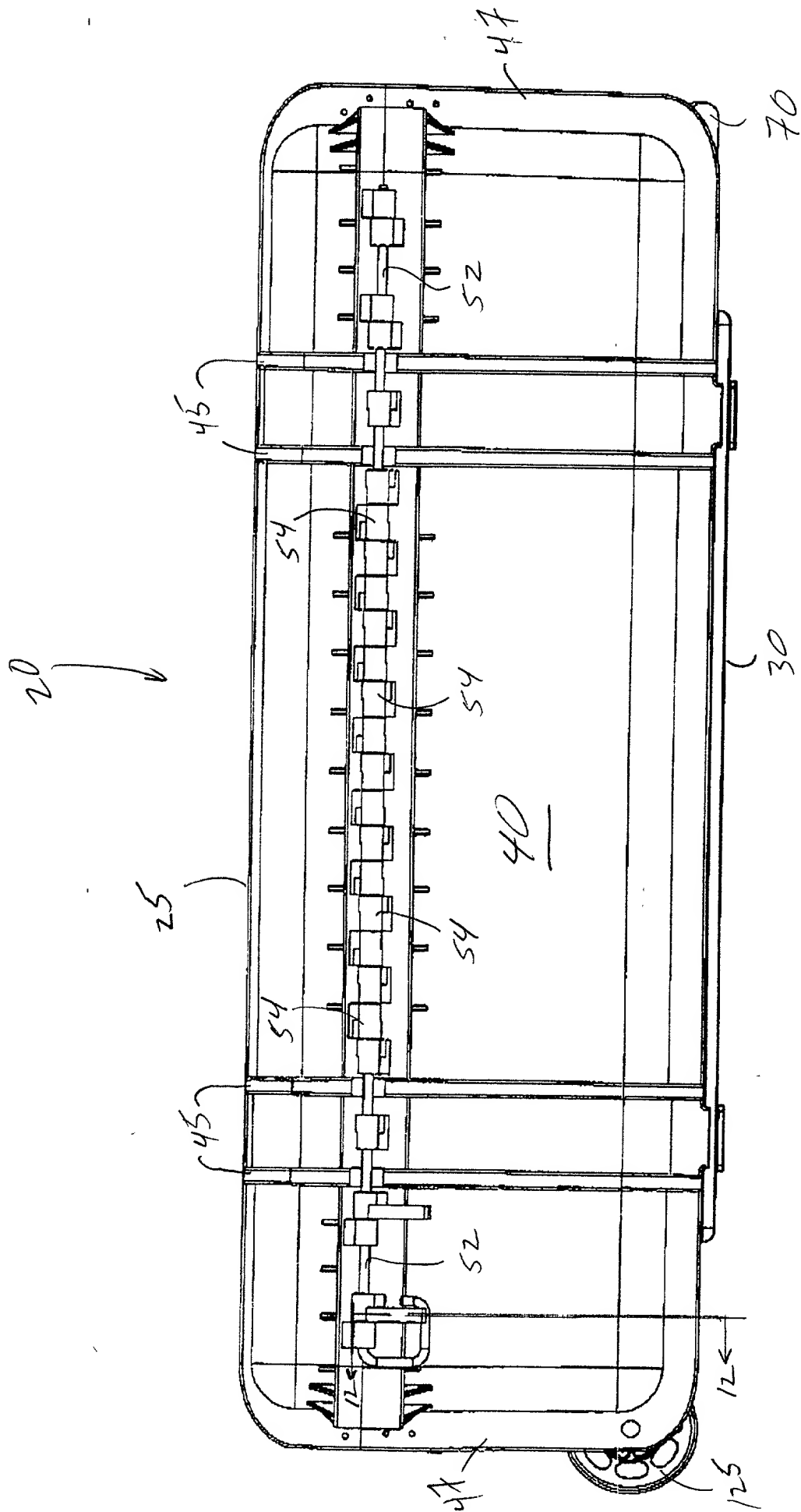
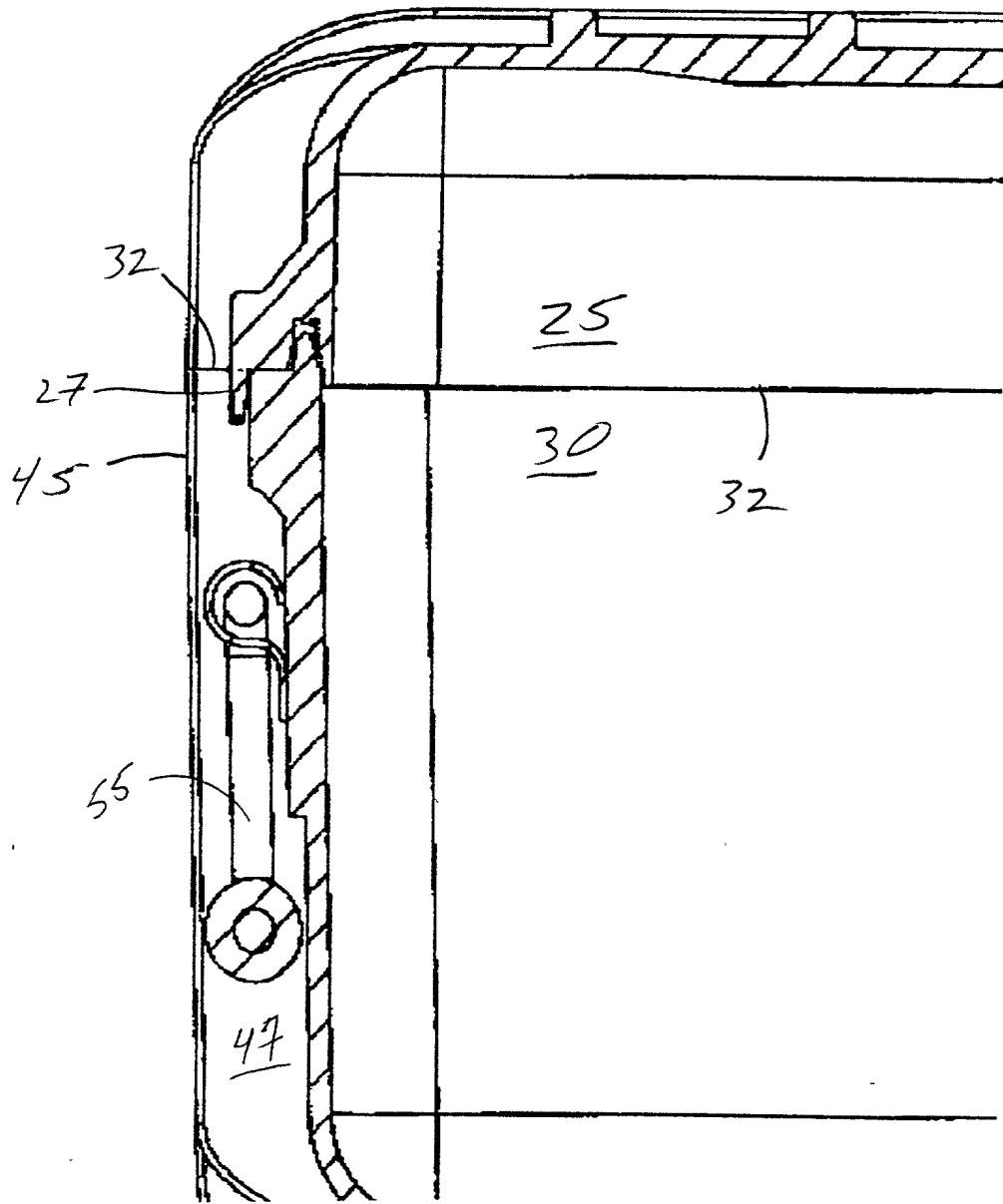


FIG. 3

[illegible]

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FIG. 5



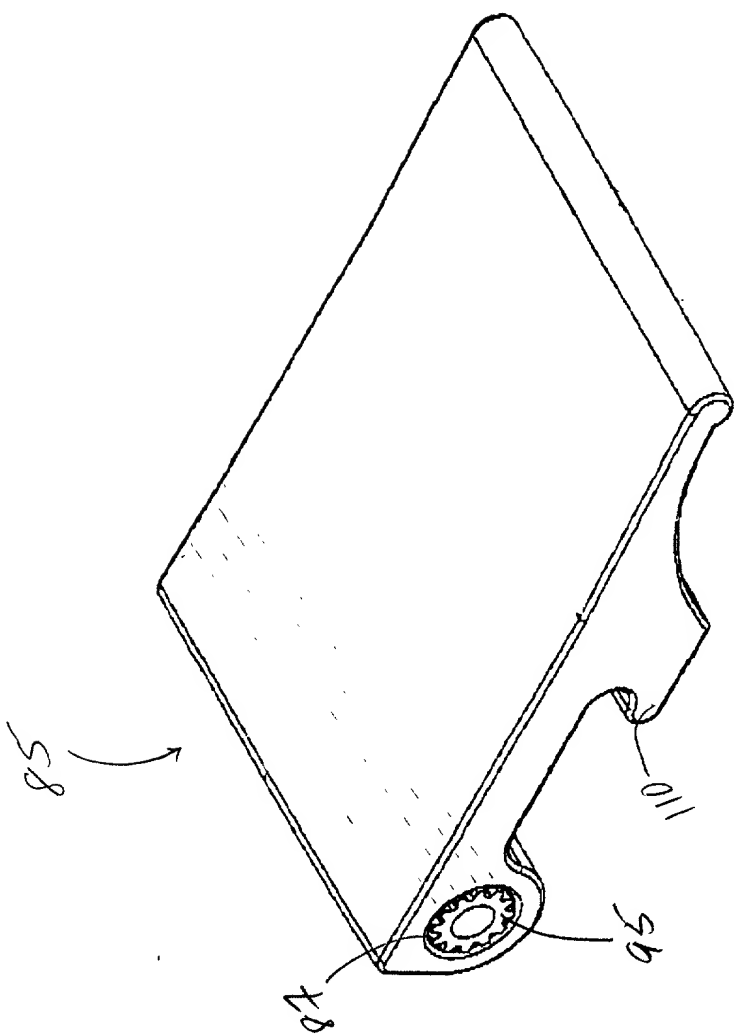


Fig. 6

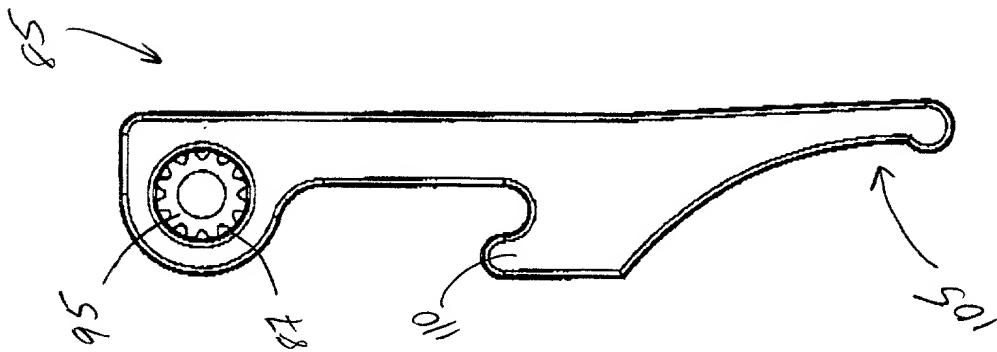
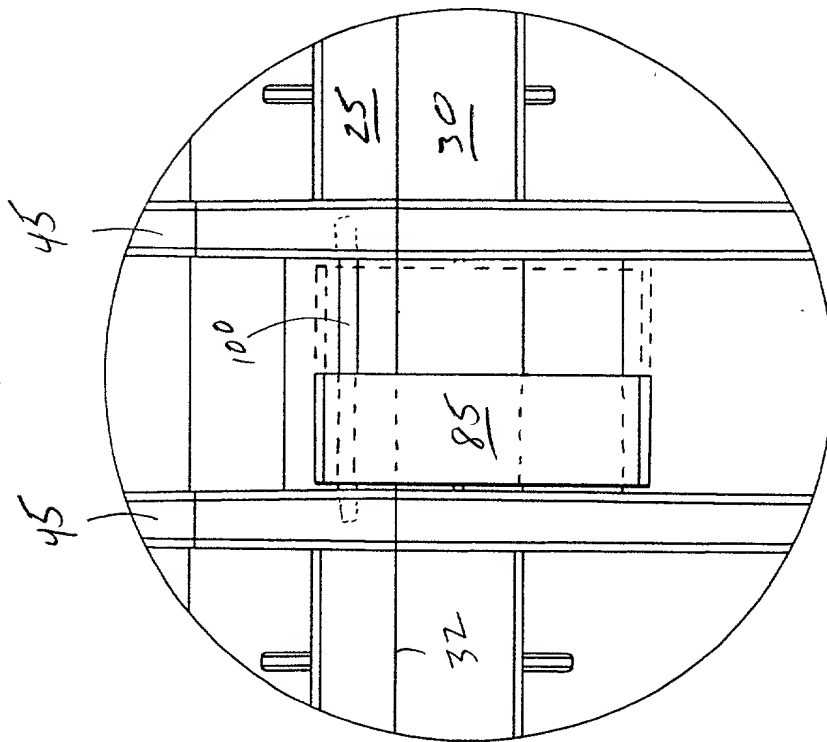


Fig. 7



Fl. 9

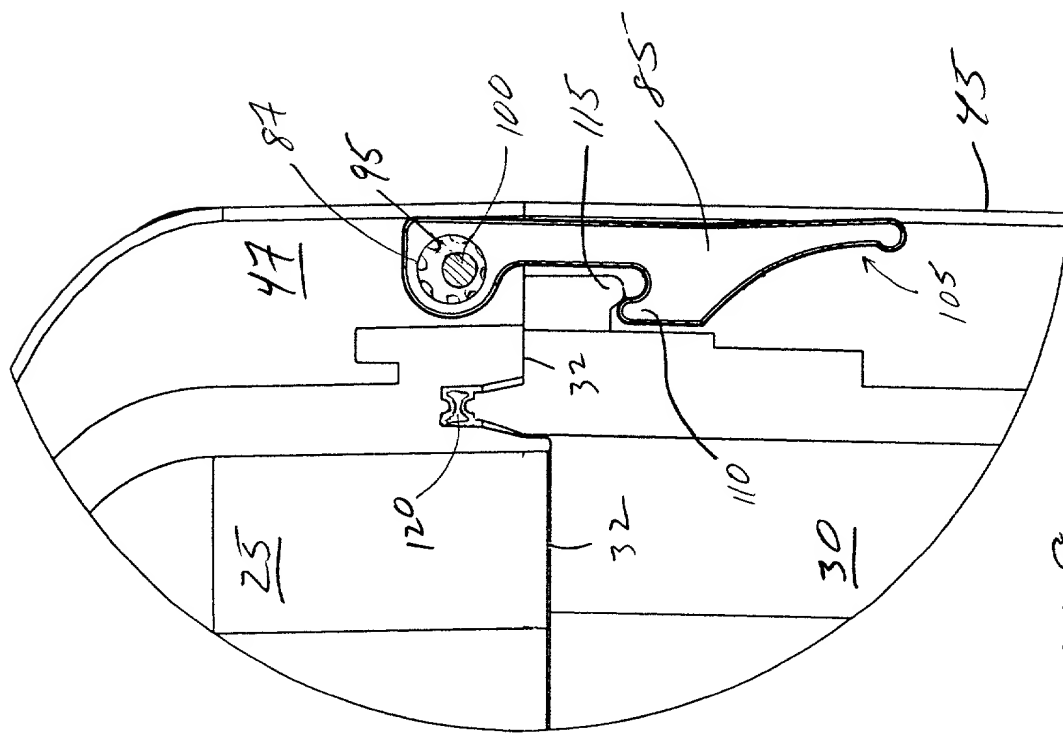


Fig. 8

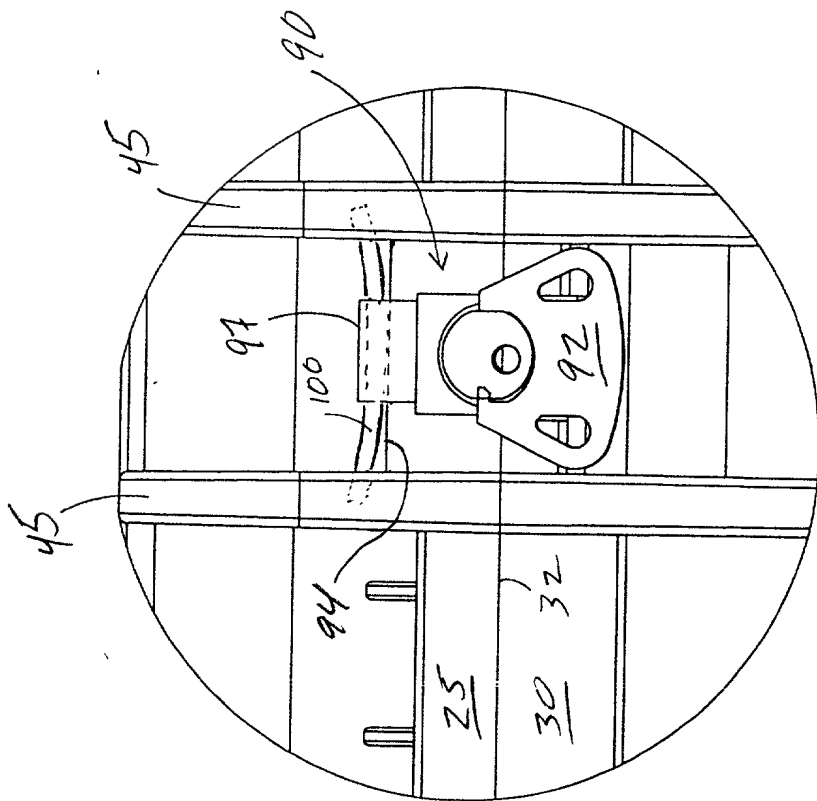


FIG. 11

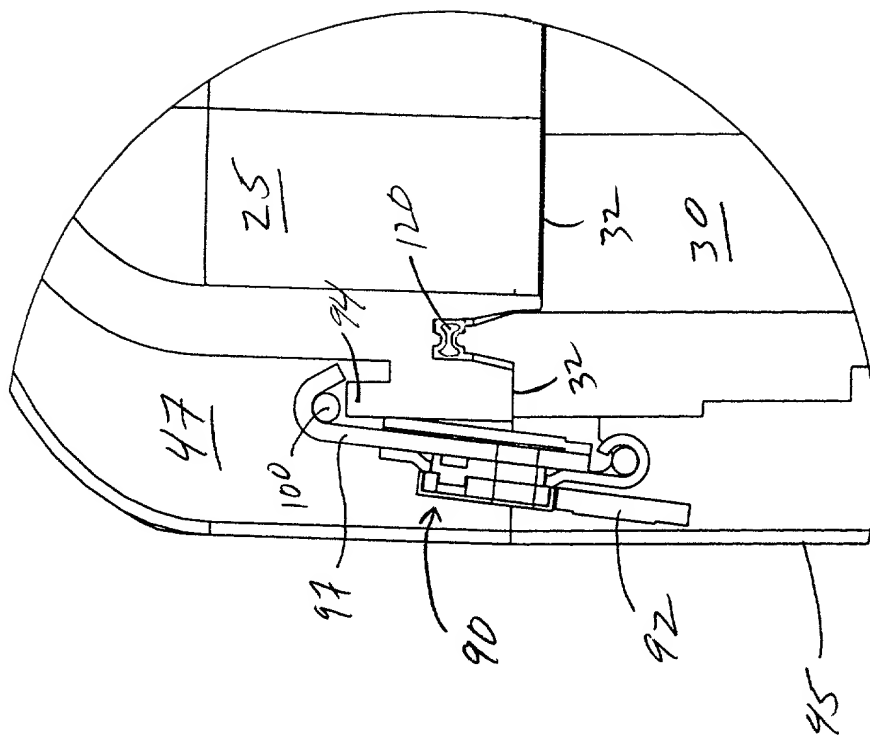


FIG. 10

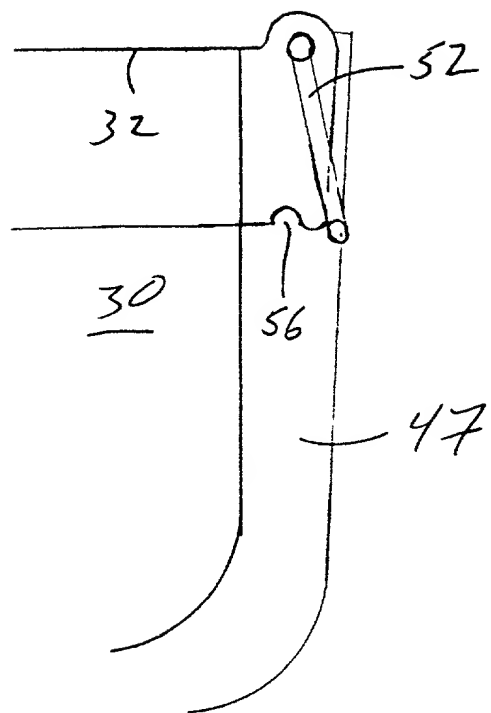
[illegible]

FIG. 12

Technical drawing of a mechanical assembly, likely a conveyor system or a material handling device. The drawing shows a perspective view of a long, narrow structure with multiple parallel components. Key labeled parts include:

- 75**: A long, narrow, curved component, possibly a belt or a guide rail, running along the length of the assembly.
- 76**: A series of parallel, curved components, possibly rollers or guides, positioned below the main structure.
- 77**: A small, circular component, possibly a fastener or a sensor, located on the side of the main structure.
- 78**: A small, rectangular component, possibly a sensor or a control unit, located on the side of the main structure.
- 79**: A long, narrow, curved component, possibly a belt or a guide rail, running along the length of the assembly.
- 80**: A series of parallel, curved components, possibly rollers or guides, positioned below the main structure.
- 81**: A small, circular component, possibly a fastener or a sensor, located on the side of the main structure.
- 82**: A small, rectangular component, possibly a sensor or a control unit, located on the side of the main structure.
- 83**: A small, rectangular component, possibly a sensor or a control unit, located on the side of the main structure.
- 84**: A small, rectangular component, possibly a sensor or a control unit, located on the side of the main structure.
- 85**: A small, rectangular component, possibly a sensor or a control unit, located on the side of the main structure.
- 86**: A small, rectangular component, possibly a sensor or a control unit, located on the side of the main structure.
- 87**: A small, rectangular component, possibly a sensor or a control unit, located on the side of the main structure.
- 88**: A small, rectangular component, possibly a sensor or a control unit, located on the side of the main structure.
- 89**: A small, rectangular component, possibly a sensor or a control unit, located on the side of the main structure.
- 90**: A small, rectangular component, possibly a sensor or a control unit, located on the side of the main structure.
- 91**: A small, rectangular component, possibly a sensor or a control unit, located on the side of the main structure.
- 92**: A small, rectangular component, possibly a sensor or a control unit, located on the side of the main structure.
- 93**: A small, rectangular component, possibly a sensor or a control unit, located on the side of the main structure.
- 94**: A small, rectangular component, possibly a sensor or a control unit, located on the side of the main structure.
- 95**: A small, rectangular component, possibly a sensor or a control unit, located on the side of the main structure.
- 96**: A small, rectangular component, possibly a sensor or a control unit, located on the side of the main structure.
- 97**: A small, rectangular component, possibly a sensor or a control unit, located on the side of the main structure.
- 98**: A small, rectangular component, possibly a sensor or a control unit, located on the side of the main structure.
- 99**: A small, rectangular component, possibly a sensor or a control unit, located on the side of the main structure.
- 100**: A small, rectangular component, possibly a sensor or a control unit, located on the side of the main structure.

The drawing is a technical illustration of a mechanical assembly, likely a conveyor system or a material handling device. It shows a perspective view of a long, narrow structure with multiple parallel components. The components are labeled with numbers 75 through 100. The drawing is a technical illustration of a mechanical assembly, likely a conveyor system or a material handling device. It shows a perspective view of a long, narrow structure with multiple parallel components. The components are labeled with numbers 75 through 100.

11/6/3

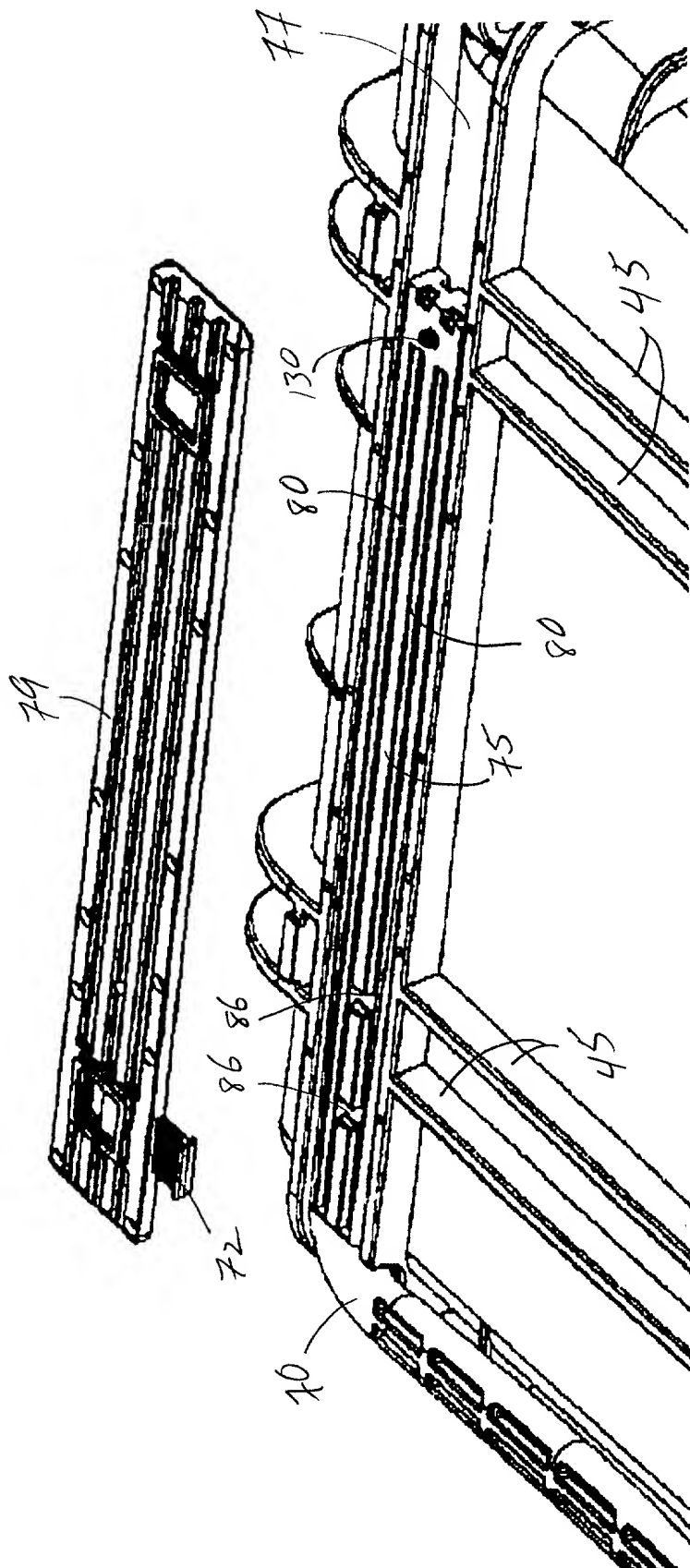


FIG. 14

COMBINED DECLARATION FOR PATENT APPLICATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY

(Includes Reference to PCT International Applications)

ATTORNEY DOCKET NUMBER

30488-1016

As a below named inventor, I (we) hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name,

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

SHOCK-RESISTANT & ENVIRONMENTALLY SEALED CONTAINER

the specification of which (check only one item below):

☒ is attached hereto.☐ was filed as United States application

Serial No. _____

on _____

and was amended

on _____ (if applicable)

☐ was filed as PCT international application

Number _____

on _____

and was amended under PCT Article 19

on _____ (if applicable)



I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the patentability of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, §119 or §356 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate or of any PCT international application(s) designating at least one country other than the United States of America, listed below and have also identified below any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate or any PCT international application(s) designating at least one country other than the United States of America filed by me on the same subject matter having a filing date before that of the application(s) of which priority is claimed:


PRIOR FOREIGN/PCT APPLICATION(S) AND ANY PRIORITY CLAIMS UNDER 35 U.S.C. 119:

COUNTRY (if PCT, indicate "PCT")	APPLICATION NUMBER	DATE OF FILING (day, month, year)	PRIORITY CLAIMED UNDER 35 USC 119	
			<input type="checkbox"/> YES	<input type="checkbox"/> NO
			<input type="checkbox"/> YES	<input type="checkbox"/> NO
			<input type="checkbox"/> YES	<input type="checkbox"/> NO
			<input type="checkbox"/> YES	<input type="checkbox"/> NO
			<input type="checkbox"/> YES	<input type="checkbox"/> NO
			<input type="checkbox"/> YES	<input type="checkbox"/> NO

Combined Declaration For Patent Application and Power of Attorney (Continued) (Includes Reference to PCT International Applications)				ATTORNEY DOCKET NUMBER 30488-1016	
I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code §120 of any United States application(s) or PCT international application(s) designating the United States of America that is/are listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in that/those prior application(s) in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code §112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations §1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application(s) and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:					
PRIOR U.S. APPLICATIONS OR PCT INTERNATIONAL APPLICATIONS DESIGNATING THE U.S. FOR BENEFIT UNDER 35 U.S.C. 120:					
U.S. APPLICATIONS				STATUS (Check one)	
U.S. APPLICATION NUMBER	U.S. FILING DATE		PATENTED	PENDING	ABANDONED
PCT APPLICATIONS DESIGNATING THE U.S.					
PCT APPLICATION NO.	PCT FILING DATE	U.S. SERIAL NUMBERS ASSIGNED (if any)			
POWER OF ATTORNEY: As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith: MITCHELL P. BROOK, Reg. No. 32,967, DAVID I. ROCHE, Reg. No. 30,767, ANTOINETTE F. KONSKI, Reg. No. 34,202, JOHN G. FLAIM, Reg. No. 37,323, and PETER R. MARTINEZ, Reg. No. 42,845, all attorneys with the firm of BAKER & McKENZIE, which has an office address at 101 West Broadway, San Diego, CA 92101-3890.					
Send Correspondence to: Mitchell P. Brook, Esq. BAKER & McKENZIE 101 West Broadway, 12th Floor San Diego, CA 92101-3890				Direct Telephone Calls to: (name and telephone number) Mitchell P. Brook (619) 236-1441	
00254	FULL NAME OF INVENTOR	FAMILY NAME ARNETT	FIRST GIVEN NAME Jeffery	SECOND GIVEN NAME D.	
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	POST OFFICE ADDRESS	POST OFFICE ADDRESS 3362 Avacado Vista Lane	CITY Fallbrook	STATE & ZIP CODE/COUNTRY California, 92028 USA	
202	FULL NAME OF INVENTOR	FAMILY NAME THOMAS	FIRST GIVEN NAME Matthew	SECOND GIVEN NAME P.	
	RESIDENCE & CITIZENSHIP	CITY La Mesa	STATE OR FOREIGN COUNTRY California	COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP USA	
	POST OFFICE ADDRESS	POST OFFICE ADDRESS 6914 Hoffman Avenue	CITY La Mesa	STATE & ZIP CODE/COUNTRY California, 91941 USA	
<input type="checkbox"/> Additional inventors are being named on the 1 supplemental Additional Inventor(s) sheets(s) attached hereto.					
I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.					
SIGNATURE OF INVENTOR 201 			SIGNATURE OF INVENTOR 202 		
DATE 10/10/00			DATE 10/10/00		

Additional Inventors

Combined Declaration For Patent Application and Power of Attorney (Continued) (Includes Reference to PCT International Applications)	ATTORNEY DOCKET NUMBER 30488-1016
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203	FULL NAME OF INVENTOR	FAMILY NAME UKE	FIRST GIVEN NAME Alan	SECOND GIVEN NAME K.
	RESIDENCE & CITIZENSHIP	CITY Del Mar	STATE OR FOREIGN COUNTRY California	COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP USA
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	RESIDENCE & CITIZENSHIP	CITY	STATE OR FOREIGN COUNTRY	COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP
	POST OFFICE ADDRESS	POST OFFICE ADDRESS	CITY	STATE & ZIP CODE/COUNTRY
205	FULL NAME OF INVENTOR	FAMILY NAME	FIRST GIVEN NAME	SECOND GIVEN NAME
	RESIDENCE & CITIZENSHIP	CITY	STATE OR FOREIGN COUNTRY	COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP
	POST OFFICE ADDRESS	POST OFFICE ADDRESS	CITY	STATE & ZIP CODE/COUNTRY
206	FULL NAME OF INVENTOR	FAMILY NAME	FIRST GIVEN NAME	SECOND GIVEN NAME
	RESIDENCE & CITIZENSHIP	CITY	STATE OR FOREIGN COUNTRY	COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP
	POST OFFICE ADDRESS	POST OFFICE ADDRESS	CITY	STATE & ZIP CODE/COUNTRY
I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.				
SIGNATURE OF INVENTOR 203 			SIGNATURE OF INVENTOR 204	
DATE 10/16/00			DATE	
SIGNATURE OF INVENTOR 205			SIGNATURE OF INVENTOR 206	
DATE			DATE	